

marine spatial planning global

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Welcome

- ➤ Claudette Spiteri, IW:LEARN, UNESCO-IOC
- ➤ Lorna Inniss, PROCARIBE+, UNESCO-IOC/IOCARIBE
- > TBC, MiAmbiente, Panama

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1. Introduction to MSP

Joseph Kofi Ansong, IOC-UNESCO

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Human impacts the Ocean















And the Ocean also impacts us



The Ocean is not homogeneous









Some areas are more important than others in relation to specific aspects



Some areas are more ecologically important than others









- Areas of High Biodiversity
- Areas of High Endemism
- Areas of High Productivity
- Spawning Areas
- Nursery Areas
- Migration Corridors and Stopover Points



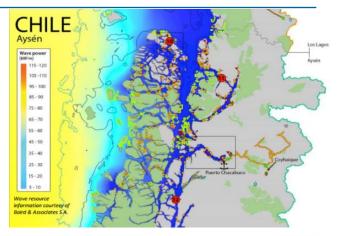


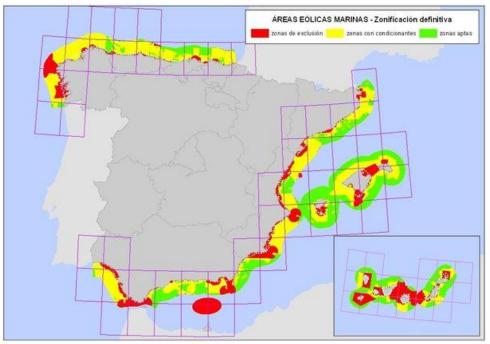


Some areas are more economically important than others



- Oil & Gas Deposits
- Sand & Gravel Deposits
- Fishing Grounds
- Transportation Routes
- Areas of Sustained Winds
- Areas of Sustained Waves





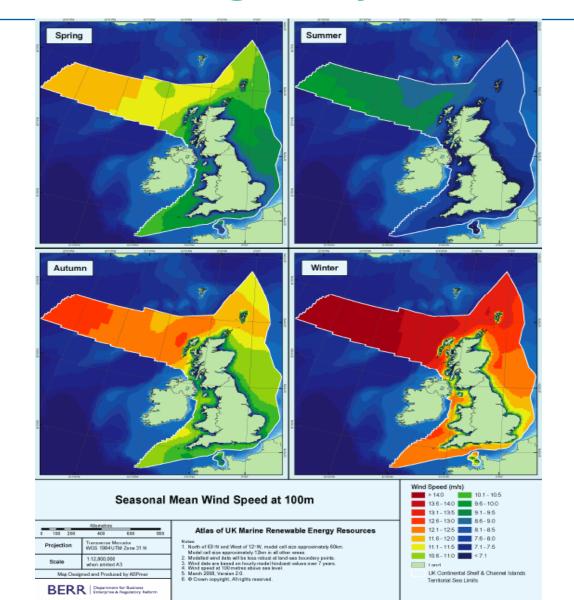
Effective governance must address spatial and temporal heterogeneity









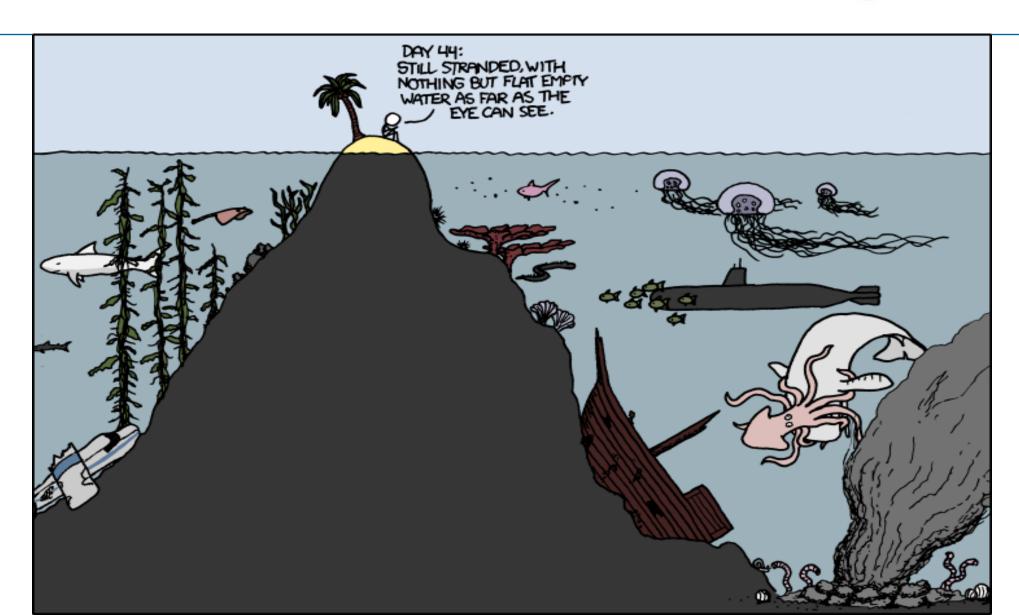


Society is not always aware









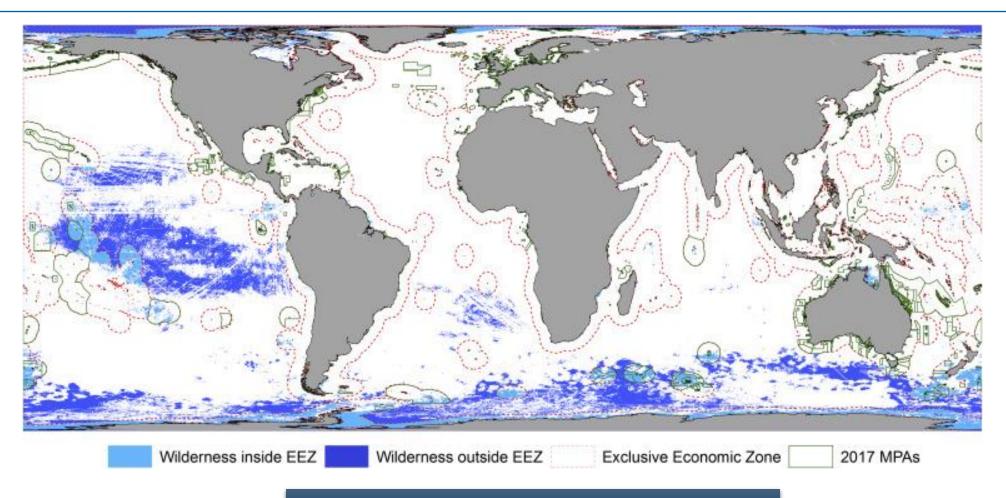
Just 13% of the world's oceans are untouched by human activity...











... and many marine places are under increasing development pressures...

Due to traditional uses









Due to recreational activities









Due to the technological progress











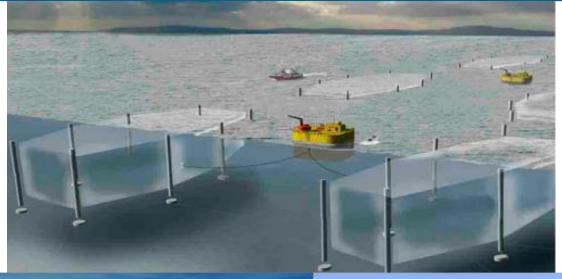


Due to new demands











Due to the uncontrolled urban sprawl









Marine Spatial Planning, the challenge!









Changing the views on historical marine management







- Focused on individual sectors
- Separate regimes for fisheries, aquaculture, marine mammal conservation, shipping,
 oil and gas, and mining, for example
- Decision-making has often been ad hoc
- Lack of clear authority to resolve conflicts across sectors or to deal with cumulative effects
- Incremental improvements in sectoral governance can reduce some problems (e.g., overfishing of target species), but they generally cannot address it in an integrated way



What is MSP?

What is MSP?







IOC-UNESCO definition:

"The public process of analyzing and allocating the spatial and temporal distribution of human activities to achieve ecological, economic, and social objectives that are usually specified through a political process."

MSP is a multisectoral and participatory process.

The MSP plan is the instrument.

MSP characteristics



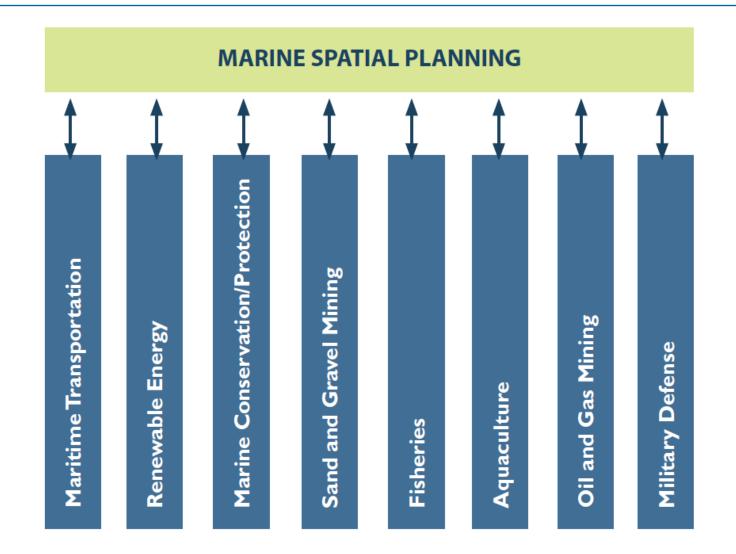
- Integrated and multi-objective, including all important economic sectors; economic and social objectives as well as ecological ones
- Strategic and future-oriented, considering alternative means to achieve a vision
- Continuing and adaptive, with an emphasis on performance monitoring and evaluation--and learning by doing
- Participatory, building a broad base of stakeholders to ensure long-term support for management
- **Ecosystem-based,** with a focus on maintaining ecosystem services over time
- Place-based, with a focus on marine spaces that people can understand, relate to, and care for

Integration for multisectoral consensus









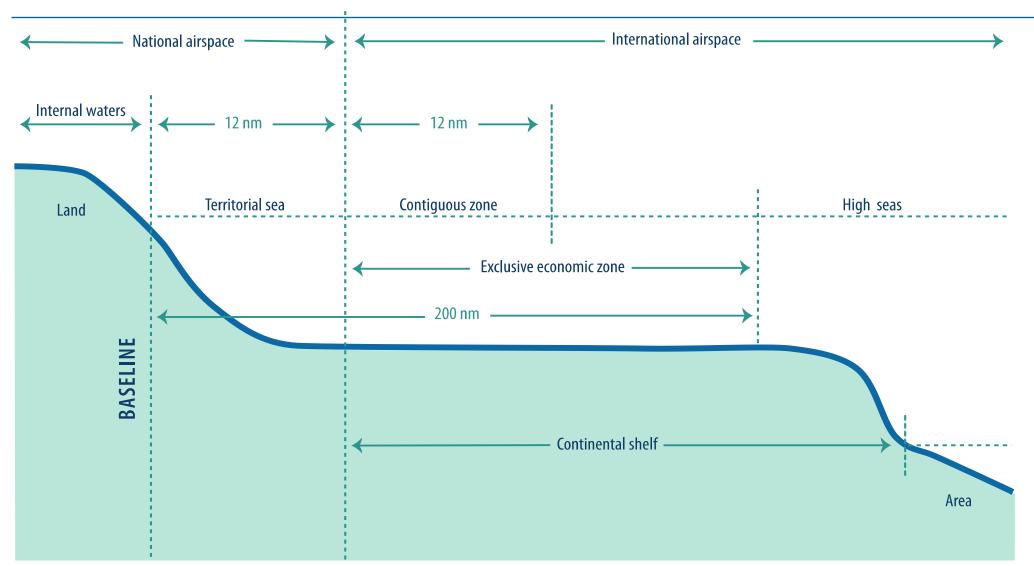
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Maritime jurisdiction and delimitation

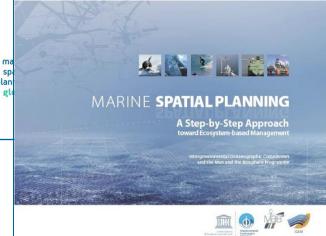


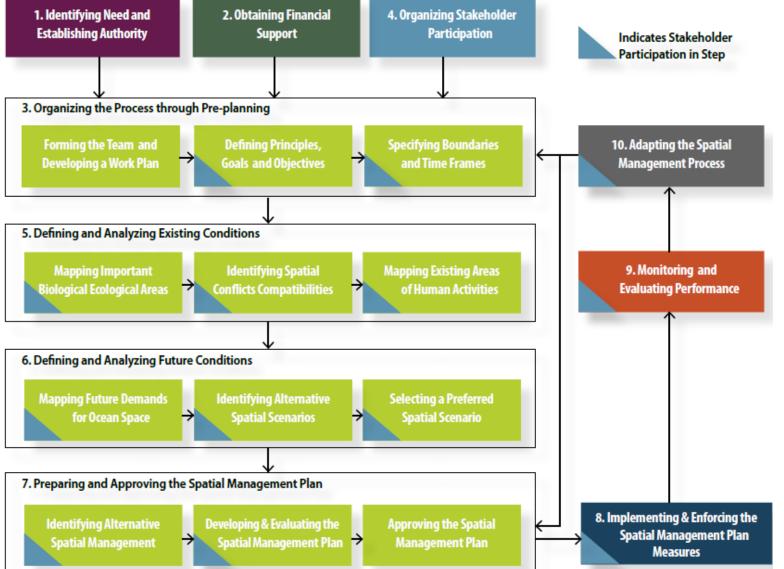
MSP usually covers the Territorial Sea and EEZ

MSP step by step









MSP phases (simplified)







IOC-UNESCO's MSP phases



SETTING THE SCENE



DEVELOPING THE PLAN



DESIGNING THE PLANNING PROCESS



ENABLING
IMPLEMENTATION
OF THE PLAN



ASSESSMENT FOR PLANNING



MONITORING, EVALUATION & ADAPTATION



StakeholderParticipation

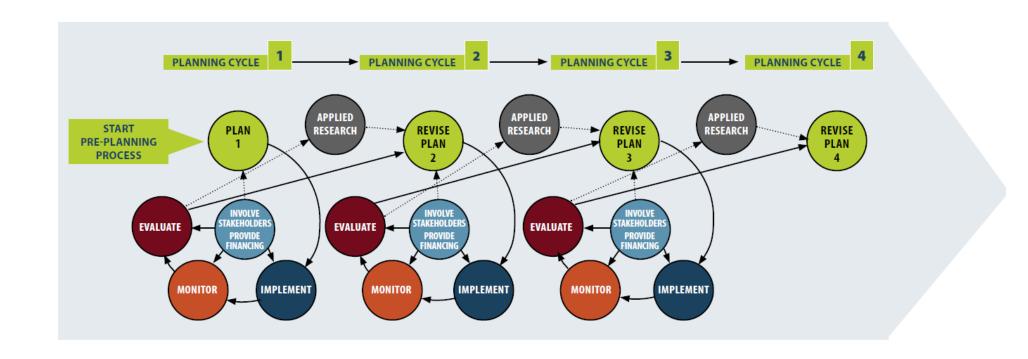
Continuous adaptive process



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Evolution of MSP from 2009



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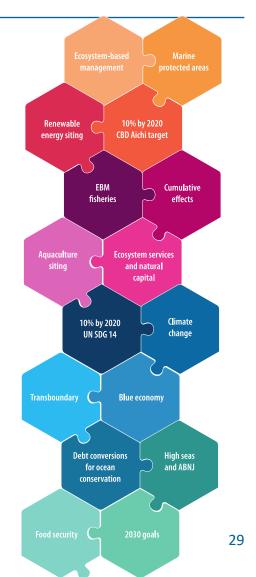




Following the pioneering initiative of IOC-UNESCO's 'step-by-step' approach, various

- international organisations
- governmental
- non-governmental
- academia and
- private sector

have produced documents of different types at the international, national or subnational level that directly or indirectly inform the advancement of MSP





Spatial uses

Uses & Activities









Multi-use







The application of the ocean multi-use concept can contribute to a more space efficient and sustainable use of the ocean, bringing in additional environmental and socio-economic benefits.



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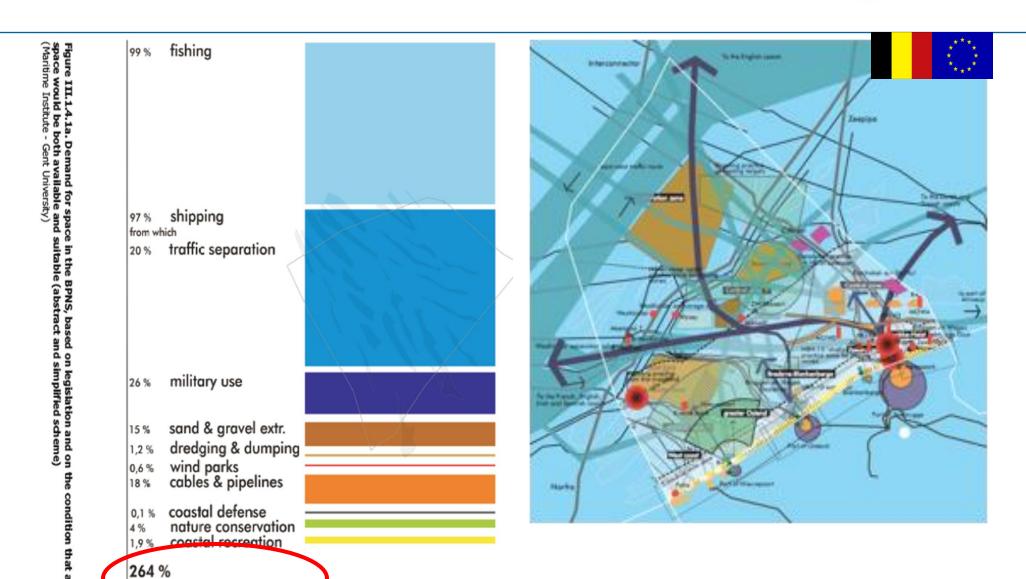
The spatial problems

TOTAL CLAIM FOR SPACE







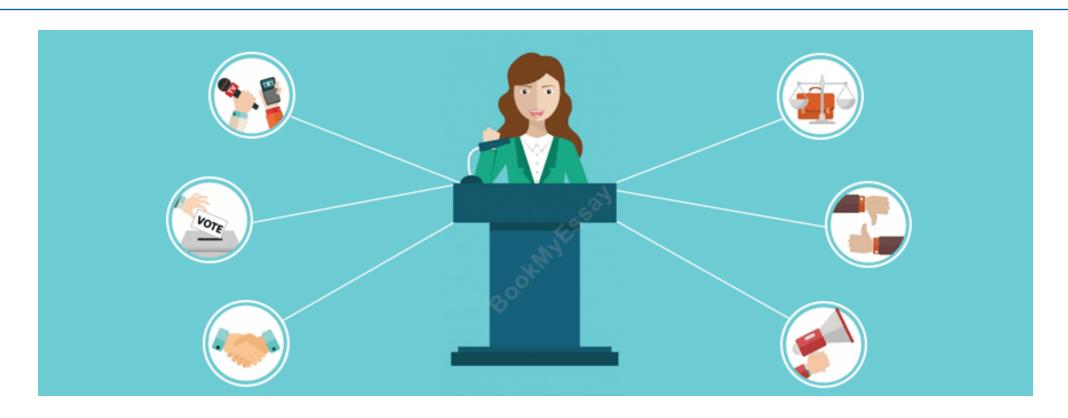




Lessons learnt

Political will





✓ You need to find a political champion to support MSP



Leadership



✓ To take decisions and

to guarantee the

implementation

Financial sustainability





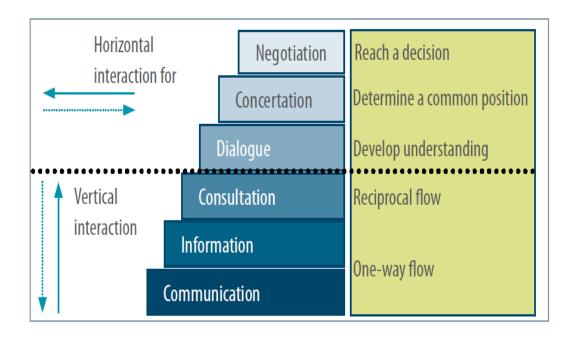
Diversified financing
 includes government funds,
 user charges, grants from
 charitable foundations,
 endowments

Participation











✓ MSP implies **social and political interactions** to key governance principles







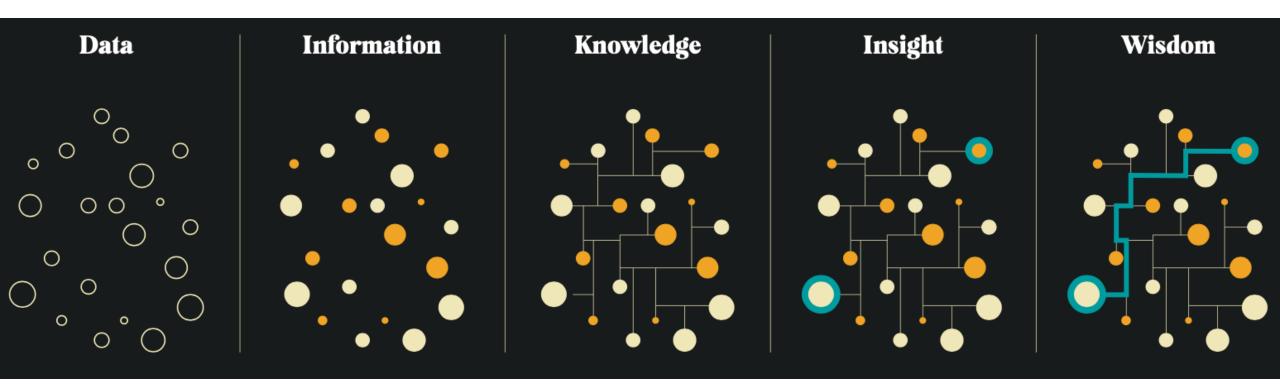


Ecological + Economic + Social

S	M	A	R	T	l I	E
SPECIFIC	MEASURABLE	ACHIEVABLE	RELEVANT	TIME-BOUND	INCLUSIVE	EQUITABLE
When the objective is precise and concrete enough not to be open to varying interpretations by different people.	When the objective allows verification of its achievement through indicators. Such objectives are either quantified or based on a combination of description and scoring scales.	When the objective is set at a level which is ambitious but at the same time realistically achievable within the context, knowledge and resources available.	When the objective is directly linked to the drivers and vision.	When the objective is related to a fixed date or precise time period to allow an evaluation of its achievement.	When everyone is welcomed – particularly those most impacted – into processes, activities, and decision/policymaking in a way that shares power.	When the elements of fairness are included seeking to address systemic injustice and inequity.

From Data to Insight





Best available information





- ✓ Lack of information is not an excuse to delay starting to plan
- ✓ Stakeholders often know more than the government and might be willing to share information if they understand the purpose
 - ✓ No fear to mapping

"Maps are power. Either you will map or you will be mapped" (Nietschmann, 1997)

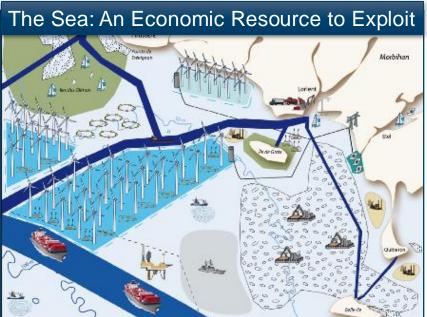
Define a vision and evaluate alternative futures

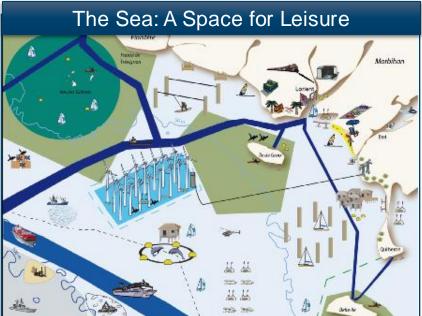


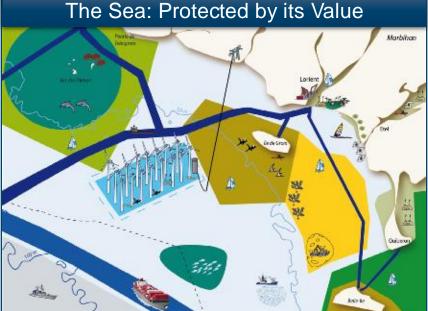




- Future: Trends, new demands of ocean space, suitability maps, potential areas for biodiversity conservation, climate change
- Alternative scenarios















TRAVELERS, THERE IS NO PATH, PATHS ARE MADE BY WALKING.

Antonio Machado Spanish Poet

Summary of MSP benefits



- Reduce conflicts between sectors and create synergies between different activities
- **Encourage investment** by instilling predictability, transparency and clearer rules
- **Increase coordination** between administrations in each country, using a single instrument to balance the development of a range of maritime activities
- Increase cooperation between countries and sectors
- **Protect the environment** through early identification of impact and opportunities for multiple use of space
- Improvement and reduction of the cost of project level planning and information collection, storage, and retrieval



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